1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Trade name: Glycol Ether PM ACETATE
CAS Number: 108-65-6
Chemical characterization: Propylene Glycol Ether Esters
Chemical name: 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate
Synonyms: PM Acetate, PMA

Identified uses: Solvent

Distributed By:
SAL Chemical
3036 Birch Drive
Weirton, WV 26062
304-748-8200

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids Category 3

GHS Classification Scale (1= severe hazard; 4= slight hazard)

Label elements

Hazard symbols:

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention
P210 Keep away from open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
2 / 15

**P280**  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response**  
**P370 + P378**  In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Storage**  
**P403 + P235**  Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards**

No additional information available.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substances**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical nature</th>
<th>Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>Component Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 99.7 %</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-propanol acetate</td>
<td>70657-70-4</td>
<td>&lt;0.3 %</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butylated Hydroxy Toluene</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
<td>0.005 - 0.007 %</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Key:**

(A) Substance  
(B) Stabilizer  
(C) Impurity

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**  
After adequate first aid, no further treatment is required unless symptoms reappear.  
Consult a physician/doctor if necessary.  
Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid.  
Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**If inhaled**  
If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air
immediately.
Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
Obtain emergency medical attention.
Prompt action is essential.

In case of skin contact:
Remove contaminated clothing as needed.
Wash thoroughly with soap and water.
Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes.
If sticky, use waterless cleaner first.
Seek medical attention if discomfort persists.

In case of eye contact:
Immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of clean low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. If pain or irritation persists, promptly obtain medical attention.

If swallowed:
Do not induce vomiting. Risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk.
Obtain emergency medical attention.

Notes to physician
Symptoms:
May cause moderate irritation, including burning sensation, tearing, redness or swelling.
Prolonged overexposure to either vapor or mist may cause coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness and drunkenness.
Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal discomfort with any or all of the following symptoms: nausea, vomiting, lethargy, or diarrhea.
Repeated or prolonged exposure may irritate the mucous membranes.

Hazards:
Inhalation may cause CNS symptoms like headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular, weakness, drowsiness and lack of coordination.

Treatment:
Treat symptomatically.
Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
Do not use solid water stream.

Specific hazards during fire:
When heated above the flash point, releases flammable
fighting vapors.
When mixed with air and exposed to ignition source, vapors can burn in open or explode if confined.
Vapors may be heavier than air.
May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back to vapor source.
Fine sprays/mists may be combustible at temperatures below normal flash point.
Fight fire from a safe distance/protected location.
Heat may build enough pressure to rupture closed containers/spreading fire/increasing risk of burns/injuries.
Use water spray/fog for cooling.
Avoid frothing/steam explosion.
Burning liquid may float on water.
Although water soluble, may not be practical to extinguish fire by water dilution.
Notify authorities immediately if liquid enters sewer/public waters.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Do not enter fire area without proper protection.
  Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
  Structural firefighter’s protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

: Eliminate all sources of ignition.
  Ensure adequate ventilation.
  Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

: If necessary, all contaminated waste water must be treated in a municipal or industrial wastewater treatment plant before release to surface water.

Chemical removal by air and water pollution control devices must meet the minimum efficiency requirements needed to reduce exposures to an acceptable level.

Methods for containment / Methods for cleaning up

: Flammable liquid.
  Release can cause fire or explosion.
  Liquids/vapors may ignite.
  Evacuate/limit access.
  Equip responders with proper protection.
  Extinguish all ignition sources.
  Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
  Slippery walking/spread granular cover or soak up.
  Prevent flow to sewer/public waters.
Not notify fire and environmental authorities.
Soak up small spills with inert solids.
Use suitable disposal containers.
On water, material is soluble and may float or sink.
Contain/collection rapidly to minimize dispersion.
Disperse residue to reduce aquatic harm.
Report per regulatory requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Advice on safe handling: For industrial use only.
Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
The potential for peroxide formation is enhanced when this solvent is used in processes such as distillation.
Product contains Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT) to prevent peroxide formation.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Properly ground containers before beginning transfer.
When transferring propylene glycol ethers with flash points at or below 60 ºC (140 ºF) into fixed site vessels, the vessel should be purged and inerted prior to transfer.
Propylene glycol ethers may be transferred into air atmospheres if the temperature of the product and the ambient temperature within the shipping container are both at least 16.7 ºC (30 ºF) less than the product's flash point. After loading, nitrogen blanketing is required if the contents of the transportation container could exceed a temperature of 16.7 ºC (30 ºF) less than the product flash point during any subsequent transportation activities.
If the product flash point is less than 16.7 ºC (30 ºF) above either the ambient temperature of the transportation container or the storage temperature of the product, the container should be purged and inerted with nitrogen prior to loading and nitrogen blanketed after loading.
Handle empty containers with care.
Flammable/combustible residue remains after emptying.
The purging of all empty shipping containers, regardless of the flashpoint, is recommended when received with air atmospheres.
Isolate, vent, drain, wash and purge systems or equipment before maintenance or repair.
Use adequate personal protective equipment.
Observe precautions pertaining to confined space entry.

Storage
Requirements for storage: Store only in tightly closed, properly vented containers away
areas and containers

from heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing agents. Storage under nitrogen atmosphere is recommended to minimize possible formation of highly reactive peroxides. Store in properly lined steel/stainless steel to avoid slight discoloration from mild steel/copper. Aluminum (5000 series alloys - U.S. Aluminum Association Standard) showed no corrosion after 30 days contact with PM Acetate, DPM, TPM, PTB, or PM at 71°C (160°F). Some plastics/rubbers are attacked by Glycol Ethers/Ether Esters. This product will absorb water if exposed to air.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure limit(s).

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. No occupational exposure limits have been developed for this material. Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, approved respiratory protection equipment is recommended.

Hand protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves such as: Neoprene.

Eye and face protection: Eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing or spraying liquid, airborne particles, or vapor.

Skin and body protection: Depending on the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection should be worn. The equipment must be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

Hygiene measures: Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the
hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered during use.
Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Use good personal hygiene practices.
Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
Color: Colorless.
Odor: Ester-like odor.
Odor Threshold: No Data Available.
Flash point: ~ 45.5 °C at 101.3 hPa (76.0 mm Hg)
Method: ASTM D 3278
Lower explosion limit: 1.5 vol%
Upper explosion limit: 12 vol%
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Oxidizing properties: Not considered an oxidizing agent.
Autoignition temperature: 318 °C
Molecular weight: 132.15 g/mol
Decomposition temperature: not determined
pH: 6.8
Melting point/freezing point: -65 °C
Boiling point/boiling range: 146 °C at 1,013 hPa
Vapor pressure: 0.0079 hPa at 25 °C
Density: ~ 0.96 g/cm³ at 25 °C
Water solubility: 198 g/l
   20 °C
   Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.36
   at 25 °C

Viscosity, dynamic: ~ 1 mPa.s
   at 25 °C
   (Brookfield).

Viscosity, kinematic: 1.1 mm²/s
   at 25 °C

Relative vapor density: ~ 4.6
   at 15 - 32 °C
   (Air = 1.0)

Evaporation rate: 0.3
   (butyl acetate = 1)

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Conductivity: :

Refractive index: :

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with oxygen to form peroxides.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous reactions: Not expected to occur.

Conditions to avoid: Extended contact with air or oxygen.
   The potential for peroxide formation is enhanced when this
   solvent is used in processes such as distillation.
   Heat, sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and oxidizing
   conditions.
   Ignition may occur at temperatures below those published in
   the literature as autoignition or ignition temperatures.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents.
   Moisture and humidity.
   May react with oxygen to form peroxides.
   However, there is no known evidence that it has nearly the
   peroxide forming potential as, for example, diethyl ether, etc.

Thermal decomposition: Carbon Monoxide and other toxic vapors.
| Product Summary | The below given information is based on the assessment of the product including impurities. |
| Acute toxicity |  |
| Acute oral toxicity | Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.  
LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Species: Rat |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.  
LC0: > 20 mg/l  
Exposure time: 6 HOURS  
Species: Rat |
| Acute dermal toxicity | Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.  
LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Species: Rabbit  
LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg  
Species: Rat |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Based on skin irritation values, not classified. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Based on eye irritation values, not classified.  
May cause moderate irritation, including burning sensation, tearing, redness or swelling. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | Respiratory sensitization  
Not classified  
No study available.  
Skin sensitization  
Not classified  
No adverse effect observed. |
| Chronic toxicity |  |
Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
No adverse effect observed.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
No adverse effect observed.

Reproductive toxicity
Effects on fertility /  
Effects on or via lactation : Not classified  
No adverse effect observed.
Effects on Development : Not classified  
No adverse effect observed.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure : Based on single exposure toxicity values, not classified.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure : Based on repeated exposure toxicity values, not classified.

Aspiration hazard : Based on physico-chemical values or lack of human evidence, not classified.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity : Based on acute aquatic toxicity values, not classified.
Chronic aquatic toxicity : Not classified, based on readily biodegradability and low acute toxicity.

Toxicity to fish : Low acute toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Low acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Toxicity to algae : Low toxicity to algae.
Toxicity to bacteria: Low toxicity to sewage microbes.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): Low chronic toxicity to fish.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): Low chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: >= 83 %
Rapidly degradable.
(After 28 days in a ready biodegradability test)

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.16
Method: (QSAR calculated value)
This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Distribution among environmental compartments: Stability in water
Hydrolytically stable.

: Stability in soil
no data available
Low absorption to soil particulates predicted

Additional advice
Environmental fate and pathways: No additional information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable.

Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information: No additional information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Further information: Contaminated product, soil, or water may be hazardous waste.
Landfill solids at permitted sites.
Use registered transporters.
Burn concentrated liquids.
Avoid flame-outs.
Assure emissions comply with applicable regulations.
Dilute aqueous waste may biodegrade.
Avoid overloading/poisoning plant biomass.
Assure effluent complies with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**CFR_ROAD**
- UN number: 3272
- Description of the goods: ESTERS N.O.S.
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

**CFR_RAIL**
- UN number: 3272
- Description of the goods: ESTERS N.O.S.
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

**IMDG**
- UN number: 3272
- Description of the goods: ESTERS N.O.S.
- (1-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL-ACETATE)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- EmS Number 1: F-E
- EmS Number 2: S-D
- Marine pollutant: no
- Environmentally hazardous: no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

If identified components of this product are listed under the TSCA 12(b) Export Notification rule, they will be listed below. All components of this product are listed or are exempt from listing on the TSCA 8(b) inventory.

**SARA 302/304**
This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 302/304.
SARA 311/312
Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Fire Hazard.
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard.

SARA 313
This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 313.

State Reporting

This material is not known to contain a chemical substance known to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive, or developmental toxicity under California Proposition 65. However, LyondellBasell has not tested for the presence of listed chemical substances.

This product contains no known chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act.

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

This product contains no known chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act.

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status
The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

*Additional Explanatory Status Statements follow the table, as necessary.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Region</th>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Status Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>AICS</td>
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<td>Canada</td>
<td>DSL</td>
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<td>China</td>
<td>IECSC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>REACH</td>
<td>See REACH Compliance Statement</td>
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<td>Japan</td>
<td>ENCS</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
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<td>Korea</td>
<td>KECI</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>NZIoC</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>PICCS</td>
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<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>TSCA</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>TCSCA</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REACH status
If the product has been purchased from any company of the LyondellBasell group of companies registered in the European Union, we confirm that the chemical substance in this product has been pre-registered or, where required under REACH, registered, and that we have the intention to proceed with any required registration in accordance with the deadlines set forth in REACh. (Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006)
Contact product.safety@lyb.com for additional global inventory information.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
HMIS Classification
Health Hazard: 1  
Flammability: 2  
Physical hazards: 0

NFPA Classification
Health Hazard: 1  
Fire Hazard: 2  
Instability: 0

Other Information
HMIS rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)
NFPA rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)

Material safety datasheet sections which have been updated:
Revised Section(s): 14 Revision Date March 8 2016

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European Union Class I or II Medical Devices; 
(ii) film, overwrap and/or product packaging that is considered a part or component of one of
Disclaimer

The aforementioned medical devices;
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(skin) administration;
(iv) tobacco related products and applications, electronic cigarettes and similar devices.

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(i) U.S. FDA Class III Medical Devices; Health Canada Class IV Medical Devices; European
Class III Medical Devices;
(ii) applications involving permanent implantation into the body;
(iii) life-sustaining medical applications.

All references to U.S. FDA, Health Canada, and European Union regulations include another
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